Eurol Petrol Fuel Treat

Safety Data Sheet

according to the REACH Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 amended by Regulation (EU) 2020/878
Issue date: 13-3-2014 Revision date: 2-12-2024 Supersedes: 21-11-2023 Version: 4.0

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Product form : Mixture
Product name : Eurol Petrol Fuel Treat
UFI : WEJC-42HV-4806-GYKX
Product code : E802515
Type of product : Organic solvent
Product group : Trade product

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses

Intended for general public
Main use category : Industrial use,Professional use,Consumer use
Use of the substance/mixture : Organic solvent

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Eurol B.V.
Energiestraat 12
NL−7442 DA Nijverdal
The Netherlands
Tel: +31 548 615 165
reach@eurol.com − www.eurol.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency number : For Transport Emergency Call +31 88 303 7598 (24hr/day 7days/week)

Country/Area	Organisation/Company	Address	Emergency number	Comment
Ireland	National Poisons Information Centre Beaumont Hospital	PO Box 1297 Beaumont Road 9 Dublin	+353 1 809 2566 (Healthcare professionals-24/7) +353 1 809 2166 (public, 8am - 10pm, 7/7)	
Malta	Medicines & Poisons Info Office	Mater Dei Hospital Msida MSD 2090 Msida	112 +356 2545 6508	
United Kingdom	National Poisons Information Service (Birmingham Centre) City Hospital	Dudley Road B18 7QH	0344 892 0111	Only for healthcare professionals
United Kingdom	NHS 111/NHS 24/NHS Direct		111 0845 4647	or call a doctor

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

Specific target organ toxicity – Repeated exposure, Category 2 H373
Aspiration hazard, Category 1 H304
Hazardous to the aquatic environment – Chronic Hazard, Category 3 H412
Full text of H- and EUH-statements: see section 16

Adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

2.2. Label elements

Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

Hazard pictograms (CLP) :

GHS08

CLP Signal word : Danger

Contains : Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%); Hydrocarbons, C11-C14, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics

Hazard statements (CLP) : H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H373 - May cause damage to organs (nervous system) through prolonged or repeated exposure (Inhalation).
H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements (CLP) : P101 - If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.
P102 - Keep out of reach of children.
P301+P310+P331 - IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician. Do NOT induce vomiting.
P314 - Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.
P405 - Store locked up.
P501 - Dispose of contents/container to hazardous or special waste collection point, in accordance with local, regional, national and/or international regulation.

EUH-statements : EUH066 - Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Child-resistant fastening : Applicable

Tactile warning : Applicable

2.3. Other hazards

Other hazards not contributing to the classification : Material can accumulate some static charge during transfer. Flammable or explosive vapour/air mixtures may be formed.

Contains no PBT and/or vPvB substances ≥ 0.1% assessed in accordance with REACH Annex XIII

The mixture does not contain substance(s) included in the list established in accordance with Article 59(1) of REACH for having endocrine disrupting properties, or substance(s) are not identified as having endocrine disrupting properties in accordance with the criteria set out in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at a concentration equal to or greater than 0,1 %

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

Name	Product identifier	%	Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]
Hydrocarbons, C11-C14, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics	EC-No.: 926-141-6 REACH-no: 01-2119456620-43	≥ 50	Asp. Tox. 1, H304
Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%) substance with a Community workplace exposure limit	EC-No.: 919-164-8 REACH-no: 01-2119473977-17	1 – 3	STOT RE 1, H372 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412
2,6-Di-tert-butylphenol	CAS-No.: 128-39-2 EC-No.: 204-884-0 REACH-no: 01-2119490822-33	0,1 – 1	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410

Name	Product identifier	%	Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]
Benzenamine, N-phenyl-, reaction products with 2,4,4-trimethylpentene	CAS-No.: 68411-46-1 EC-No.: 270-128-1 REACH-no: 01-2119491299-23	0,1 – 1	Repr. 2, H361f
2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol substance with national workplace exposure limit(s) (GB, IE); substance with a Community workplace exposure limit	CAS-No.: 128-37-0 EC-No.: 204-881-4 REACH-no: 01-2119555270-46	< 0,1	Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410
naphthalene substance with national workplace exposure limit(s) (IE, MT); substance with a Community workplace exposure limit	CAS-No.: 91-20-3 EC-No.: 202-049-5 EC Index-No.: 601-052-00-2 REACH-no: 01-2119561346-37	< 0,1	Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302 (ATE=500 mg/kg bodyweight) Carc. 2, H351 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410
diphenylamine substance with national workplace exposure limit(s) (GB, IE)	CAS-No.: 122-39-4 EC-No.: 204-539-4 EC Index-No.: 612-026-00-5 REACH-no: 01-2119488966-13	< 0,1	Acute Tox. 3 (Oral), H301 (ATE=100 mg/kg bodyweight) Acute Tox. 3 (Dermal), H311 (ATE=300 mg/kg bodyweight) Acute Tox. 3 (Inhalation), H331 STOT RE 2, H373 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410
methanol substance with national workplace exposure limit(s) (GB, IE, MT); substance with a Community workplace exposure limit	CAS-No.: 67-56-1 EC-No.: 200-659-6 EC Index-No.: 603-001-00-X REACH-no: 01-2119433307-44	< 0,1	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 3 (Oral), H301 (ATE=100 mg/kg bodyweight) Acute Tox. 3 (Dermal), H311 (ATE=300 mg/kg bodyweight) Acute Tox. 3 (Inhalation), H331 (ATE=0,5 mg/l/4h) STOT SE 1, H370

Specific concentration limits:		
Name	**Product identifier**	**Specific concentration limits (%)**
methanol	CAS-No.: 67-56-1 EC-No.: 200-659-6 EC Index-No.: 603-001-00-X REACH-no: 01-2119433307-44	(3 ≤ C < 10) STOT SE 2; H371 (10 ≤ C < 100) STOT SE 1; H370

Full text of H- and EUH-statements: see section 16

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

First-aid measures general : Call a physician immediately.
First-aid measures after inhalation : Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
First-aid measures after skin contact : Wash skin with plenty of water.
First-aid measures after eye contact : Rinse eyes with water as a precaution.
First-aid measures after ingestion : Do not induce vomiting. Call a physician immediately.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms/effects after inhalation : High concentration of vapours may induce: headache, dizziness, drowsiness, nausea and vomiting.
Symptoms/effects after skin contact : Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Symptoms/effects after eye contact	:	Unlikely to cause more than transient stinging or redness if accidental eye contact occurs. Contact with the eyes is likely to be irritating. Harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed.
Symptoms/effects after ingestion	:	Risk of lung oedema.
Symptoms/effects upon intravenous administration	:	Unknown.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media	:	Water spray. Dry powder. Foam. Carbon dioxide.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	Do not use a heavy water stream. Use of heavy stream of water may spread fire.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Fire hazard	:	Combustion generates: CO, CO2.
Explosion hazard	:	May form flammable/explosive vapour-air mixture.
Hazardous decomposition products in case of fire	:	CO, CO2.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Precautionary measures fire	:	Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection.
Firefighting instructions	:	Fight fire from safe distance and protected location. Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection.
Protection during firefighting	:	Do not attempt to take action without suitable protective equipment. Self-contained breathing apparatus. Complete protective clothing.
Other information	:	Prevent fire fighting water from entering the environment. Sweep up and remove to a suitable, clearly marked container for disposal in accordance with local regulations. Heavier than air, vapours may travel long distances along ground, ignite and flash back to source.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

General measures	:	Stop leak if safe to do so. Notify authorities if product enters sewers or public waters. Absorb spillage to prevent material damage.

For non-emergency personnel

Protective equipment	:	When the risk of skin exposure is high (e.g. when cleaning up spillages or if there is a risk of splashing) then chemical resistant aprons and/or impervious chemical suits and boots will be required.
Emergency procedures	:	Ventilate spillage area. Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

For emergency responders

Protective equipment	:	Do not attempt to take action without suitable protective equipment. For further information refer to section 8: "Exposure controls/personal protection".
Emergency procedures	:	Evacuate unnecessary personnel. Stop leak if safe to do so.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

For containment	:	Absorb spilled material with sand or earth. Contain any spills with dikes or absorbents to prevent migration and entry into sewers or streams. Stop leak without risks if possible.
Methods for cleaning up	:	Take up liquid spill into absorbent material.
Other information	:	Dispose of materials or solid residues at an authorized site.

6.4. Reference to other sections

For further information refer to section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Additional hazards when processed	:	In use, may form flammable vapour-air mixture. Empty containers retain product residue (solid, liquid, and/or vapor) and can be dangerous. Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind, or expose such containers to heat, flame, sparks, static electricity, or other sources of ignition. They may explode and cause injury or death. Empty containers should be completely drained, properly closed, and promptly returned to a drum reconditioner or disposed of properly.
Precautions for safe handling	:	Ensure good ventilation of the work station. Wear personal protective equipment. Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.
Hygiene measures	:	Do no eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Always wash hands after handling the product.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Technical measures	:	Store in a dry place. Store in a closed container. Store away from direct sunlight or other heat sources.
Storage conditions	:	Store locked up.
Incompatible products	:	Reacts vigorously with strong oxidizers and acids.
Maximum storage period	:	5 year
Storage temperature	:	≤ 40 °C
Information on mixed storage	:	Keep away from : Oxidizing materials. Strong acids.
Storage area	:	Store at ambient temperature.
Special rules on packaging	:	Keep container tightly closed and dry.
Packaging materials	:	Store always product in container of same material as original container.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

No additional information available

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

National occupational exposure and biological limit values

Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)	
EU - Indicative Occupational Exposure Limit (IOEL)	
IOELV TWA (ppm)	100 ppm
IOELV STEL (mg/m³)	350 mg/m³
IOELV STEL (ppm)	56 ppm

2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol (128-37-0)	
EU - Indicative Occupational Exposure Limit (IOEL)	
IOELV TWA (mg/m³)	5 mg/m³
Ireland - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	2,6-Ditertiary-butyl-para-cresol [Butylated hydroxytoluene (BHT)]
OEL (8 hours ref) (mg/m³)	2 mg/m³
Regulatory reference	Chemical Agents Code of Practice 2021

2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol (128-37-0)	
United Kingdom - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol
WEL TWA (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³
Regulatory reference	EH40/2005 (Fourth edition, 2020). HSE

diphenylamine (122-39-4)	
Ireland - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	Diphenylamine
OEL (8 hours ref) (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³
OEL (15 min ref) (mg/m3)	20 mg/m³
Regulatory reference	Chemical Agents Code of Practice 2021
United Kingdom - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	Diphenylamine
WEL TWA (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³
WEL STEL (mg/m³)	20 mg/m³
Regulatory reference	EH40/2005 (Fourth edition, 2020). HSE

naphthalene (91-20-3)	
EU - Indicative Occupational Exposure Limit (IOEL)	
Local name	Naphthalene
IOELV TWA (mg/m³)	50 mg/m³
IOELV TWA (ppm)	10 ppm
Notes	(Year of adoption 2010)
Regulatory reference	COMMISSION DIRECTIVE 91/322/EEC; SCOEL Recommendations
Ireland - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	Naphthalene
OEL (8 hours ref) (mg/m³)	50 mg/m³
OEL (8 hours ref) (ppm)	10 ppm
Remark	IOELV (Indicative Occupational Exposure Limit Values)
Regulatory reference	Chemical Agents Code of Practice 2021
Malta - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	Naphtalene
OEL TWA (mg/m³)	50 mg/m³
OEL TWA (ppm)	10 ppm
Regulatory reference	S.L.424.24 - Chemical Agents at Work Regulations (L.N.356 of 2021)

methanol (67-56-1)	
EU - Indicative Occupational Exposure Limit (IOEL)	
Local name	Methanol
IOELV TWA (mg/m³)	260 mg/m³
IOELV TWA (ppm)	200 ppm

methanol (67-56-1)	
Notes	Skin
Regulatory reference	COMMISSION DIRECTIVE 2006/15/EC
Ireland - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	Methanol
OEL (8 hours ref) (mg/m³)	260 mg/m³
OEL (8 hours ref) (ppm)	200 ppm
Remark	Sk (Substances which have the capacity to penetrate intact skin when they come in contact with it, and be absorbed into the body), IOELV (Indicative Occupational Exposure Limit Values)
Regulatory reference	Chemical Agents Code of Practice 2021
Ireland - Biological limit values	
Local name	Methanol
BMGV	15 mg/l Parameter: methanol - Medium: urine - Sampling time: End of shift - Notations: B (Background), Ns (Non-specific)
Regulatory reference	Biological Monitoring Guidelines (HSA, 2011)
Malta - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	Methanol
OEL TWA (mg/m³)	260 mg/m³
OEL TWA (ppm)	200 ppm
Remark	Skin # Ġilda
Regulatory reference	S.L.424.24 - Chemical Agents at Work Regulations (L.N.356 of 2021)
United Kingdom - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	Methanol
WEL TWA (mg/m³)	266 mg/m³
WEL TWA (ppm)	200 ppm
WEL STEL (mg/m³)	333 mg/m³
WEL STEL (OEL STEL) [ppm]	250 ppm
Remark (WEL)	Sk (Can be absorbed through the skin. The assigned substances are those for which there are concerns that dermal absorption will lead to systemic toxicity)
Regulatory reference	EH40/2005 (Fourth edition, 2020). HSE

8.2. Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

Appropriate engineering controls:
Ensure good ventilation of the work station.

Personal protection equipment

Personal protective equipment:
Gloves. In case of splash hazard: safety glasses. Respiratory protective equipment is not normally required where there is adequate natural or local exhaust ventilation to control exposure.

Personal protective equipment symbol(s):

Eye and face protection

Eye protection:
Safety glasses

Skin protection

Skin and body protection:
Wear suitable protective clothing

Hand protection:
Protective gloves

Other skin protection
Materials for protective clothing:
Neoprene or nitrile rubber gloves. Chemical resistant gloves (according to European standard NF ISO 374-1 or equivalent)

Respiratory protection

Respiratory protection:
In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment.

Environmental exposure controls

Environmental exposure controls:
Avoid release to the environment.
Consumer exposure controls:
Provide good ventilation in process area to prevent formation of vapour. Neoprene or nitrile rubber gloves.
Other information:
Do not put the product-soaked rags into the pockets of working clothes. Do not use cloths stained with the product to dry hands. Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work. Do not eat, drink or smoke during use. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	:	Liquid
Colour	:	Yellow.
Appearance	:	Liquid.
Odour	:	characteristic.
Odour threshold	:	Not available
Melting point	:	Not applicable
Freezing point	:	Not available
Boiling point	:	> 100 °C
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Non flammable.
Lower explosive limit (LEL)	:	0,6 vol %
Upper explosive limit (UEL)	:	7 vol %
Flash point	:	> 62 °C ASTM D 93
Auto-ignition temperature	:	> 200 °C
Decomposition temperature	:	Not available
pH	:	Not available
Viscosity, kinematic	:	2 – 4,5 mm²/s at 40 °C, ASTM D 445
Solubility	:	insoluble in water.
Log Kow	:	Not available
Vapour Pressure 20°C	:	< 3 hPa
Vapour pressure at 50°C	:	Not available
Density	:	0,8 – 0,81 kg/l ASTM D 4052
Relative density	:	Not available
Relative vapour density at 20°C	:	> 1 (air = 1)
Particle characteristics	:	Not applicable

9.2. Other information

Information with regard to physical hazard classes

Explosion limits	:	0,6 – 7 vol %

Other safety characteristics

Relative evaporation rate (butylacetate=1) : < 0,1

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Stable under normal conditions of use.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Refer to section 10.1 on Reactivity.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Keep away from naked flames/heat.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizing agents. strong acids.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

CO, CO2.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Acute toxicity (oral) : Not classified
Acute toxicity (dermal) : Not classified
Acute toxicity (inhalation) : Not classified

2,6-Di-tert-butylphenol (128-39-2)	
LD50 oral rat	> 5000 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity)
LD50 dermal rabbit	> 10000 mg/kg

Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)	
LD50 oral rat	> 15000 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity)
LD50 oral	> 15000 mg/kg bodyweight Animal:
LD50 dermal rabbit	> 3400 mg/kg
LC50 Inhalation - Rat	> 1,58 mg/l Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 403 (Acute Inhalation Toxicity)
LC50 Inhalation - Rat (Vapours)	> 13,1 mg/l/4h

2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol (128-37-0)	
LD50 oral rat	> 2930 mg/kg
LD50 dermal rat	> 2000 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity)

Hydrocarbons, C11-C14, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics	
LD50 oral rat	> 5000 mg/kg
LD50 dermal rabbit	> 5000 mg/l (OECD 402 method)

Hydrocarbons, C11-C14, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics	
LC50 Inhalation - Rat	5000 mg/m³

Benzenamine, N-phenyl-, reaction products with 2,4,4-trimethylpentene (68411-46-1)	
LD50 oral rat	> 5000 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity), Remarks on results: other:
LD50 dermal rat	> 2000 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity), Remarks on results: other:

naphthalene (91-20-3)	
LD50 oral rat	> 2000 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity)
LD50 dermal rat	> 2500 ml/kg
LC50 Inhalation - Rat	> 0,4 mg/l air Animal: rat, Guideline: other:, Guideline: OECD Guideline 403 (Acute Inhalation Toxicity), Guideline: EPA OPPTS 870.1300 (Acute inhalation toxicity), Remarks on results: other:

methanol (67-56-1)	
LD50 oral rat	1187 – 2769 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat
LD50 dermal rabbit	17100 mg/kg
LC50 Inhalation - Rat	85 mg/l/4h (Rat)
LC50 Inhalation - Rat [ppm]	64000 ppm/4h (Rat)
LC50 Inhalation - Rat (Vapours)	128,2 mg/l/4h

Skin corrosion/irritation : Not classified

Serious eye damage/irritation : Not classified

Respiratory or skin sensitisation : Not classified

Germ cell mutagenicity : Not classified

Carcinogenicity : Not classified

2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol (128-37-0)	
NOAEL (chronic, oral, animal/male, 2 years)	25 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Animal sex: male, Remarks on results: other:

Reproductive toxicity : Not classified

naphthalene (91-20-3)	
LOAEL (animal/female, F1)	450 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Animal sex: female, Guideline: other:

STOT-single exposure : Not classified

methanol (67-56-1)	
STOT-single exposure	Causes damage to organs.

STOT-repeated exposure : May cause damage to organs (nervous system) through prolonged or repeated exposure (Inhalation).

2,6-Di-tert-butylphenol (128-39-2)	
NOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days)	100 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 407 (Repeated Dose 28-Day Oral Toxicity Study in Rodents), Guideline: EU Method B.7 (Repeated Dose (28 Days) Toxicity (Oral))

Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)	
NOAEL (dermal, rat/rabbit, 90 days)	≥ 495 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 411 (Subchronic Dermal Toxicity: 90-Day Study)
STOT-repeated exposure	Causes damage to organs (central nervous system) through prolonged or repeated exposure (Inhalation).

Benzenamine, N-phenyl-, reaction products with 2,4,4-trimethylpentene (68411-46-1)	
NOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days)	25 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 422 (Combined Repeated Dose Toxicity Study with the Reproduction / Developmental Toxicity Screening Test)

diphenylamine (122-39-4)	
STOT-repeated exposure	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

naphthalene (91-20-3)	
LOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days)	400 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 408 (Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity Study in Rodents)
LOAEC (inhalation, rat, vapour, 90 days)	0,011 mg/l air Animal: rat, Guideline: EPA OPP 82-4 (90-Day Inhalation Toxicity), Guideline: OECD Guideline 413 (Subchronic Inhalation Toxicity: 90-Day Study)
NOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days)	200 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 408 (Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity Study in Rodents)
NOAEL (dermal, rat/rabbit, 90 days)	1000 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 411 (Subchronic Dermal Toxicity: 90-Day Study)

Aspiration hazard : May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Eurol Petrol Fuel Treat	
Viscosity, kinematic	2 – 4,5 mm²/s at 40 °C, ASTM D 445

Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)	
Viscosity, kinematic	1,2 mm²/s Temp.: '20°C' Parameter: 'kinematic viscosity (in mm²/s)'

Hydrocarbons, C11-C14, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics	
Viscosity, kinematic	1,7 mm²/s Temp.: '20°C' Parameter: 'kinematic viscosity (in mm²/s)'

Benzenamine, N-phenyl-, reaction products with 2,4,4-trimethylpentene (68411-46-1)	
Viscosity, kinematic	352,7 mm²/s Temp.: '40°C' Parameter: 'kinematic viscosity (in mm²/s)'

methanol (67-56-1)	
Viscosity, kinematic	0,55 mm²/s

11.2. Information on other hazards

No additional information available

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Ecology - general : Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Ecology - water : This product floats on water and may affect the oxygen-balance in the water.
Hazardous to the aquatic environment, short–term (acute) : Not classified
Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long–term (chronic) : Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

2,6-Di-tert-butylphenol (128-39-2)	
LC50 fish 1	1,4 mg/l Test organisms (species): Pimephales promelas
EC50 Daphnia 1	0,45 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna
EC50 72h - Algae [1]	3,6 mg/l Test organisms (species): Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (previous names: Raphidocelis subcapitata, Selenastrum capricornutum)
EC50 72h - Algae [2]	1,4 mg/l Test organisms (species): Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (previous names: Raphidocelis subcapitata, Selenastrum capricornutum)

2,6-Di-tert-butylphenol (128-39-2)	
EC50 96h - Algae [1]	3,9 mg/l Test organisms (species): Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (previous names: Raphidocelis subcapitata, Selenastrum capricornutum)
EC50 96h - Algae [2]	1,2 mg/l Test organisms (species): Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (previous names: Raphidocelis subcapitata, Selenastrum capricornutum)
ErC50 (algae)	1000 mg/l 3h
LOEC (chronic)	0,086 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna Duration: '21 d'
NOEC (chronic)	0,035 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna Duration: '21 d'

Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)	
LC50 fish 1	10 – 100 mg/l Oncorhynchus mykiss (Rainbow trout)
EC50 Daphnia 1	10 – 22 mg/l EC50 48h - Daphnia magna [mg/l]
LOEC (acute)	0,091 mg/l 28 d

2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol (128-37-0)	
LC50 fish 1	0,57 mg/l Test organisms (species): Danio rerio (previous name: Brachydanio rerio)
EC50 Daphnia 1	0,48 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna
EC50 72h - Algae [1]	> 0,4 mg/l Test organisms (species): Desmodesmus subspicatus (previous name: Scenedesmus subspicatus)
LOEC (chronic)	1 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna Duration: '21 d'
NOEC (chronic)	0,023 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna Duration: '21 d'
NOEC chronic fish	0,053 mg/l Fish
NOEC chronic crustacea	0,069 mg/l Daphnia magna (Water flea)

Hydrocarbons, C11-C14, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics	
LC50 fish 1	1000 mg/l (96h; Oncorhynchus mykiss)
LC50 other aquatic organisms 1	1000 mg/l (72h; Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata)
EC50 Daphnia 1	1000 mg/l (48h; Daphnia magna)

Benzenamine, N-phenyl-, reaction products with 2,4,4-trimethylpentene (68411-46-1)	
LC50 fish 1	> 100 mg/l Test organisms (species): Danio rerio (previous name: Brachydanio rerio)
EC50 Daphnia 1	51 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna
EC50 72h - Algae [1]	> 100 mg/l Test organisms (species): Desmodesmus subspicatus (previous name: Scenedesmus subspicatus)
ErC50 (algae)	> 100 mg/l 72h

diphenylamine (122-39-4)	
LC50 fish 1	2,2 mg/l
EC50 Daphnia 1	2,3 mg/l
EC50 72h - Algae [1]	0,048 mg/l

naphthalene (91-20-3)	
LC50 fish 1	0,51 mg/l
EC50 Daphnia 1	2,16 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna
NOEC (chronic)	0,59 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia pulex Duration: '125 d'

methanol (67-56-1)	
LC50 fish 1	15400 mg/l 96 h; (Lepomis macrochirus)
LC50 fish 2	10800 mg/l 96 h; Salmo gairdneri (Oncorhynchus mykiss)
EC50 Daphnia 1	> 10 g/l 48 h
EC50 Daphnia 2	24500 mg/l (48 h; Daphnia magna)
EC50 96h - Algae [1]	≈ 22000 mg/l Test organisms (species): Raphidocelis subcapitata (previous names: Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata, Selenastrum capricornutum)
NOEC (chronic)	208 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna Duration: '21 d'
NOEC chronic fish	7900 mg/l
Threshold limit other aquatic organisms 1	6600 mg/l (16 h; Pseudomonas putida)
Threshold limit algae 1	530 mg/l (192 h; Microcystis aeruginosa)
Threshold limit algae 2	8000 mg/l (168 h; Scenedesmus quadricauda)

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Eurol Petrol Fuel Treat	
Persistence and degradability	Major constituents are expected to be inherently biodegradable, but the product contains components that may persist in the environment.

2,6-Di-tert-butylphenol (128-39-2)	
Persistence and degradability	Rapidly degradable

Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)	
Persistence and degradability	Product is biodegradable.
Biodegradation	74,7 % (OECD 301F method)

2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol (128-37-0)	
Persistence and degradability	Rapidly degradable
Biodegradation	4,5 % (OECD 301C method)

Hydrocarbons, C11-C14, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics	
Persistence and degradability	Rapidly degradable

Benzenamine, N-phenyl-, reaction products with 2,4,4-trimethylpentene (68411-46-1)	
Persistence and degradability	Rapidly degradable

diphenylamine (122-39-4)	
Persistence and degradability	Not readily biodegradable in water.
ThOD	2,39 g O_2/g substance

naphthalene (91-20-3)	
Persistence and degradability	Rapidly degradable

methanol (67-56-1)	
Persistence and degradability	Major constituents are expected to be inherently biodegradable, but the product contains components that may persist in the environment.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Eurol Petrol Fuel Treat	
Bioaccumulative potential	This product is not expected to bioaccumulate through food chains in the environment.
2,6-Di-tert-butylphenol (128-39-2)	
Log Pow	4,92
Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)	
Log Pow	> 4
Bioaccumulative potential	This product is not expected to bioaccumulate through food chains in the environment.
2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol (128-37-0)	
Bioconcentration factor (BCF REACH)	> 2000 Cyprinus carpio (Common carp)
Log Pow	5,1
Benzenamine, N-phenyl-, reaction products with 2,4,4-trimethylpentene (68411-46-1)	
Bioconcentration factor (BCF REACH)	1730
Log Pow	5,1
diphenylamine (122-39-4)	
BCF fish 1	51 – 253
Log Pow	3,22 – 3,5
methanol (67-56-1)	
Bioconcentration factor (BCF REACH)	< 10
Log Pow	-0,77
Bioaccumulative potential	This product is not expected to bioaccumulate through food chains in the environment.

12.4. Mobility in soil

Eurol Petrol Fuel Treat	
Ecology - soil	Not miscible with water. Spillages may penetrate the soil causing ground water contamination.
Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)	
Ecology - soil	Not miscible with water. Spillages may penetrate the soil causing ground water contamination.
2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol (128-37-0)	
Log Koc	3,9 – 4,2
diphenylamine (122-39-4)	
Ecology - soil	May be harmful to plant growth, blooming and fruit formation.
methanol (67-56-1)	
Ecology - soil	Not miscible with water. Spillages may penetrate the soil causing ground water contamination.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

No additional information available

12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

No additional information available

12.7. Other adverse effects

No additional information available

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Regional waste regulation : Disposal must be done according to official regulations.
Product/Packaging disposal recommendations : Dispose of contents/container in accordance with licensed collector's sorting instructions.
Sewage disposal recommendations : Disposal must be done according to official regulations.
Waste disposal recommendations : Disposal must be done according to official regulations.
Additional information : Do not re-use empty containers.
Ecology - waste materials : When not empty dispose of this container at hazardous or special waste collection point.

SECTION 14: Transport information

In accordance with ADR / IMDG / IATA / ADN

ADR	IMDG	IATA	ADN
14.1. UN number or ID number			
Not regulated for transport			
14.2. UN proper shipping name			
Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)			
Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
14.4. Packing group			
Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
14.5. Environmental hazards			
Dangerous for the environment: No	Dangerous for the environment: No Marine pollutant: No	Dangerous for the environment: No	Dangerous for the environment: No
No supplementary information available			

14.6. Special precautions for user

Overland transport
No data available

Transport by sea
No data available

Air transport
No data available

Inland waterway transport
No data available

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Not applicable

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU-Regulations

REACH Annex XVII (Restriction List)

EU restriction list (REACH Annex XVII)		
Reference code	**Applicable on**	**Entry title or description**
3(b)	Eurol Petrol Fuel Treat ; Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%) ; Hydrocarbons, C11-C14, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics ; Benzenamine, N-phenyl-, reaction products with 2,4,4-trimethylpentene	Substances or mixtures fulfilling the criteria for any of the following hazard classes or categories set out in Annex I to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008: Hazard classes 3.1 to 3.6, 3.7 adverse effects on sexual function and fertility or on development, 3.8 effects other than narcotic effects, 3.9 and 3.10
3(c)	Eurol Petrol Fuel Treat ; Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)	Substances or mixtures fulfilling the criteria for any of the following hazard classes or categories set out in Annex I to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008: Hazard class 4.1

REACH Annex XIV (Authorisation List)

Contains no substance(s) listed on REACH Annex XIV (Authorisation List)

REACH Candidate List (SVHC)

Contains no substance(s) listed on the REACH Candidate List

PIC Regulation (Prior Informed Consent)

Contains substance(s) listed on the PIC list (Regulation EU 649/2012 concerning the export and import of hazardous chemicals): Diphenylamine (122-39-4)

POP Regulation (Persistent Organic Pollutants)

Contains no substance(s) listed on the POP list (Regulation EU 2019/1021 on persistent organic pollutants)

Ozone Regulation (1005/2009)

Contains no substance(s) listed on the Ozone Depletion list (Regulation EU 1005/2009 on substances that deplete the ozone layer)

Council Regulation (EC) for the control of dual-use items

Contains no substance subject to the COUNCIL REGULATION (EC) for the control of dual-use items

Explosives Precursors Regulation (2019/1148)

Contains no substance(s) listed on the Explosives Precursors list (Regulation EU 2019/1148 on the marketing and use of explosives precursors)

Drug Precursors Regulation (273/2004)

Contains no substance(s) listed on the Drug Precursors list (Regulation EC 273/2004 on the manufacture and the placing on market of certain substances used in the illicit manufacture of narcotic drugs and psychotropic substances)

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No chemical safety assessment has been carried out
For the following substances of this mixture a chemical safety assessment has been carried out:
methanol

SECTION 16: Other information

Indication of changes		
Section	**Changed item**	**Comments**
	Supersedes	**Modified**
	Revision date	**Modified**
1.1	UFI on SDS 1.1	**Added**
1.1	Name	**Added**
1.2	Main use category	**Modified**
2.2	Precautionary statements (CLP)	**Modified**
2.3	Other hazards not contributing to the classification	**Modified**
5.3	Firefighting instructions	**Modified**
6.1	Emergency procedures	**Modified**
6.1	General measures	**Modified**
6.3	For containment	**Modified**
7.2	Storage conditions	**Modified**
7.2	Packaging materials	**Added**
9	Log Pow	**Removed**
13.1	Sewage disposal recommendations	**Added**
13.1	Waste disposal recommendations	**Modified**
13.1	Additional information	**Modified**
16	Other information	**Modified**
16	Data sources	**Modified**
16	Training advice	**Added**

Abbreviations and acronyms:	
ADN	European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways
ADR	European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road
ATE	Acute Toxicity Estimate
BCF	Bioconcentration factor
BLV	Biological limit value
BOD	Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)
COD	Chemical oxygen demand (COD)
DMEL	Derived Minimal Effect level
DNEL	Derived-No Effect Level
EC-No.	European Community number
EC50	Median effective concentration
EN	European Standard
IARC	International Agency for Research on Cancer
IATA	International Air Transport Association

Abbreviations and acronyms:	
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods
LC50	Median lethal concentration
LD50	Median lethal dose
LOAEL	Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level
NOAEC	No-Observed Adverse Effect Concentration
NOAEL	No-Observed Adverse Effect Level
NOEC	No-Observed Effect Concentration
OECD	Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development
OEL	Occupational Exposure Limit
PBT	Persistent Bioaccumulative Toxic
PNEC	Predicted No-Effect Concentration
RID	Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail
SDS	Safety Data Sheet
STP	Sewage treatment plant
ThOD	Theoretical oxygen demand (ThOD)
TLM	Median Tolerance Limit
VOC	Volatile Organic Compounds
CAS-No.	Chemical Abstract Service number
N.O.S.	Not Otherwise Specified
vPvB	Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative
ED	Endocrine disruptor

Data sources : REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008 OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL of 16 December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures, amending and repealing Directives 67/548/EEC and 1999/45/EC, and amending Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006. Supplier's safety documents. ECHA (European Chemicals Agency).

Training advice : Normal use of this product shall imply use in accordance with the instructions on the packaging.

Other information : The information in this SDS was obtained from sources which we believe are reliable. However, the information is provided without any warranty, express or implied, regarding its correctness. The conditions or methods of handling, storage, use or disposal of the product are beyond our control and may be beyond our knowledge. For this and other reasons, we do not assume responsibility and expressly disclaim liability for loss, damage or expense arising out of or in any way connected with the handling, storage, use or disposal of the product. This SDS was prepared and is to be used only for this product. If the product is used as a component in another product, this SDS information may not be applicable.

Full text of H- and EUH-statements:	
Acute Tox. 3 (Dermal)	Acute toxicity (dermal), Category 3
Acute Tox. 3 (Inhalation)	Acute toxicity (inhal.), Category 3
Acute Tox. 3 (Oral)	Acute toxicity (oral), Category 3
Acute Tox. 4 (Oral)	Acute toxicity (oral), Category 4
Aquatic Acute 1	Hazardous to the aquatic environment – Acute Hazard, Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 1	Hazardous to the aquatic environment – Chronic Hazard, Category 1

Full text of H- and EUH-statements:	
Aquatic Chronic 3	Hazardous to the aquatic environment – Chronic Hazard, Category 3
Asp. Tox. 1	Aspiration hazard, Category 1
Carc. 2	Carcinogenicity, Category 2
EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
Flam. Liq. 2	Flammable liquids, Category 2
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H301	Toxic if swallowed.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H311	Toxic in contact with skin.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H331	Toxic if inhaled.
H351	Suspected of causing cancer.
H361f	Suspected of damaging fertility.
H370	Causes damage to organs.
H371	May cause damage to organs.
H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Repr. 2	Reproductive toxicity, Category 2
Skin Irrit. 2	Skin corrosion/irritation, Category 2
STOT RE 1	Specific target organ toxicity – Repeated exposure, Category 1
STOT RE 2	Specific target organ toxicity – Repeated exposure, Category 2
STOT SE 1	Specific target organ toxicity – single exposure, Category 1
STOT SE 2	Specific target organ toxicity – Single exposure, Category 2

Classification and procedure used to derive the classification for mixtures according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 [CLP]:		
STOT RE 2	H373	Calculation method
Asp. Tox. 1	H304	Calculation method
Aquatic Chronic 3	H412	Calculation method

Safety Data Sheet (SDS), EU

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.